

# The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME XXX.

## GRAND NATIONAL ARCHERY MEETING AT WHITE STOCKING PARK.

### Championship of America AND \$4,000 in Prizes!

PROGRAMME-FIRST DAY-TUESDAY, AUG. 12.

Competition for National Medals.

LADIES'-48 ARROWS AT 30 YARDS.

GENTLEMEN'S-48 ARROWS AT 60 YARDS, AND 20 ARROWS AT 120 YARDS.

MARSHALICAFF-48 ARROWS AT 30 YARDS; AND

GENTLEMEN'S MARSHALICAFF-30 ARROWS AT 60 YARDS.

MUSIC BY PROGRAMMES BY THE CELEBRATED LOESCH

MILITARY BAND.

TICKETS WITH RESERVED SEATS FOR SALE AT A. C.

SPALDING & BROS., 116 Randolph-st.; JASPER,

CLAYTON & CO., 205 Madison-st., and at the grounds.

HENRY C. CARVER, Secy.

20 Wabash-av.

TO RENT.

## To Rent, IN TRIBUNE BUILDING,

### Two very desirable Fire- Proof Offices on second floor, and one on third floor. Apply to WM. C. DOW, 8 Tribune Building.

## STORE FOR RENT.

Step No. 118 Washington-st., near Board of Trade,  
1537 feet. Rent low.

CHARLES GOODMAN,

Room 25, 316 Washington-st.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

Now on the market is just re-  
ceived at the

TEAS AND FLOUR.

THE BEST

## OOLONG TEA

Now on the market is just re-  
ceived at the

FRANCE.

GAMBETTA AND THE CONCORDAT.

London, Aug. 11.—It is understood that Gambetta, the President of the Chamber of Deputies, is hostile to the Radical proposal for an abrogation of the concordat. He stated in conversation yesterday that the concordat could be improved but destroyed.

CHAMPS ELYSEES.

PARKS, Aug. 11.—The Paris states that a number of leading Legitimists will shortly come to some foreign town to meet the Count de Chambord.

RECENT UNPLEASANTNESS.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—A dispatch to the Standard from Paris asserts that the relations between Germany and France have been somewhat ruffled by the Nancy and Belfort incidents. Berlin newspapers express great satisfaction at the dismissal of M. Lambert, Secretary-General of the Department of the Ardennes, for having referred at a rifle-shooting dinner at Charleville to the possibility of a guerre de revanche.

THE INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—The sessions of the International Congress were opened to-day. The Lord Mayor of London cordially welcomed the delegates. Sir Robert Joseph Philimore, the distinguished writer on international law, delivered the inaugural address.

CROP DAMAGE.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—Much damage to crops in Lancashire and Cheshire has been caused by the overflow of the River Mersey. The disaster involved some loss of life.

THE LIBERTY BILL.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—In the House of Commons to-night the Irish University bill was read a third time without a division. The result was greeted with loud cheers.

INTERNATIONAL QUESTIONS.

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BULWELL FOR AMERICA.

It is believed that the bill will be introduced from the Bank of England to-day for America.

OFFICERS FIDED UPON.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—A correspondent of the Standard at Lisbon reports that an English steamer collided off South Flinsterre with the Spanish steamer Concord. The latter vessel was sunk. Fourteen Spaniards were drowned, and blue saved.

HUNGARY.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—The Posthod Lloyd says it has not the slightest doubt that the absence of furor of County Andras, the Austrian Government, is the precursor of his definitive retirement from public service. Officials of his palace at Buda have received notice to quit, so that it may be prepared for the Premier's return for winter.

ROUMANIA.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—It has been suggested that Roumania agrees unreservedly to accept the principle of equal right for the Jews, some allowance should be made in respect to its application. Germany, among other Powers, appears willing to grant this concession.

COLLISION.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—The Standard is informed that the Anglo-American Company's cable, which was laid in 1869 and broken last February, has been repaired.

EGYPT.

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 11.—One Mirzam, a broker and a naturalized American, recently attacked Dahan Pasha, the confidential agent of the ex-Khedive, near the Concourse, in consequence of a grudge. Mirzam struck Dahan Pasha with his cane. The latter fled, and Mirzam then shot him dead. Mirzam surrendered himself to the authorities, and is now in prison. The United States authorities at Washington telegraphed to Alexandria that the prisoner must be kept in custody, and if the acting Consul-General of the United States cannot try him, he must be confined until the Consul-General shall return from his four-months' furlough.

CIVIL LAW PROPOSED.

THE STANDARD, ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 11.—The Kedive has reduced the civil list to \$20,000.

GOALS TO STAMBOUL.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—A dispatch to the Standard from Alexandria says: "The Kedive will go to Stamboul next week."

BOSNIA.

A DAY SPENT.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—At the time of the breaking out of the fire at Sarajevo, on the 8th inst.,

## FOREIGN.

### The German Government Still at Sea on the Silver Question.

### Pending Negotiations, How- ever, Promise Good Results.

### French Legitimists to Meet in Counsel with Chambord Over the Border.

### A Turkish Pasha Killed by an American Citizen in Alex- andria.

### Cholera Carrying Off Many Eu- ropeans in Afghanistan.

### GERMANY.

### THE DANUBIAN FLOTILLA.

### London, Aug. 11.—The Standard's Vienna

### dispatches report that the Danubian flotilla,

### which ought to have gone to Odessa, is still at

### Rustchuk.

### PHILHARMONISTS INCREASING.

### London, Aug. 11.—The Standard's Paris

### correspondent states that St. Petersburg letter

### show an enormous increase of the number

### Nihilists in Russia.

### NEGOTIATING.

### London, Aug. 11.—The Post's Berlin cor-

### respondent says: "It is understood that the Prussian Minister of Justice will resign when the new judicial laws come into force."

### THE SILVER QUESTION.

### Special dispatches are very contradictory as to

### Germany's intentions relative to the coinage

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For the benefit of those persons who desire to send specimens of THE TRIBUNE through the mail, we give herewith the transient rate of postage:

Domestic. For every  
Stereotyped Page Paper.....20 cents

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Stereotyped Page Book.....5 cents

Postage Paid.....5 cents

TREBUNE BRANCH OFFICES.

Two CHICAGO TREBUNES have established branch offices for the receipt of subscriptions and advertisements as follows:

125 W. JACKSON—Room 20 Tribune Building. F. T. Mc-

NAUL Manager.

PARIS—France—No. 16 Rue de l'Orangerie.

LONDON—England—American Exchange, 469 Strand.

BOSTON—U.S.—Globe Annex.

WASHINGTON D. C.—1219 F Street.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Subscribers going into the country are requested to be absent from the city for any length of time can be given THE TRIBUNE mailed to any address, postpaid, for \$1 per month.

For the early conveniences of those who desire to avoid the trouble of a trip to THE TRIBUNE's office, arrangements have been perfected for receiving small advertisements by telephone. This office is supplied with both the telephone and the telephone number of THE TRIBUNE, so that their advertisements at any hour from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. by telephone direct to this office.

Orders for the delivery of THE TRIBUNE as远东, Englewood, and Hyde Park left in the morning room will receive their attention.

AMUSEMENTS.

McWicker's Theatre.

Madison street, corner of Dearborn and State. "The Milk Vendor."

Hancock's Theatre.

Dearborn street, corner of Madison and State. "The Banker's Daughter."

Barnard's Circus.

Lake Front, Michigan Avenue, foot of Madison street.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 12, 1879.

English troops having conquered Afghanistan, the cholera is now at work upon her Majesty's legions, who from their unaccustomed condition become easy victims to the fatal disease.

They had a Catholic procession in Belfast, Ireland, yesterday, and, as often happens in that latitude, they also had a riot. The castanets incident to the melaes are summed up in the brief announcement that "Many persons were injured."

Tammey has placed its seal of condemnation upon Gov. Roosman, declaring that the Democracy of New York will no longer tolerate him as its candidate for Gubernatorial honors. Tammey has commenced the tedious process early in the season; but then that organization is not so potent for good or evil as it has been in the past.

Romania, though practically independent of Turkey, is still dependent on the good will of the Great Powers, as is instanced in the pending discussion of the Jewish question, wherein it is made apparent that the newly-created State is given its first lesson in the science of civilization, and one which, it appears, is not all to the taste of the Romanian Government.

It now appears that, although no formal agreement has been entered into on the part of Germany, negotiations looking to a radical change in the policy of that Government in its dealings with the currency question have been going on for some time. It is confidently predicted that the investigation now in progress will lead to the readoption of the bi-metalllic standard.

The question of the right of secession has been raised in the Republic of Liberia, where a number of wayward tribes hitherto supposed to belong to the Republic have expressed a desire to be permitted to "depart in peace"; and, falling in that, they propose to place themselves under the protection of Great Britain, fly the British flag, and claim the assistance of that Government in the event of an attempt to coerce them.

The yellow-fever in Memphis seems to be taking on a more malignant type than heretofore, and the outlook is gloomy indeed.

Yesterday there were reported thirty-four new cases in the city and eleven outside the limits, with a total of seven deaths. Even at this rate, however, the disease is far from being the awful scourge that it was in 1878, and the policy of forbidding new arrivals and of sending as many people to the camps at a distance from the city is working good results.

The Common Council last evening passed an ordinance surrendering to the control of the Board of West Park Commissioners West Washington street, from Halsted street to Central Park, and West Adams street, from Canal street westward, to be improved as boulevards or approaches to the West Side parks. The slantly with which property-owners have acquiesced in this eminently desirable arrangement is shown in the spirited rivalry which existed between the two streets, both being urged for selection as boulevards, and both being finally turned over for that purpose. When similar provision shall have been made for an approach to Lincoln Park, Chicago will for the first time be enabled to enjoy the full benefit of its grand system of outlying parks and pleasure-grounds.

The usual bid for popularity among the Socialists and Communists who believe that the city would be benefited by a repetition of the conflagration of 1871 is once more made in the Common Council in the form of an ordinance narrowing down the fire limits so as to insure the continued menace of a solid mass of wooden buildings in the southwestern part of the city, the quarter from which proceeded the devastation of eight years ago. Such is the nature and effect of the ordinance introduced last evening by Ald. Tracy and referred to the Committee on Streets and Alleys. Similar attempts to open the way for the unlimited erection of wooden buildings have been defeated heretofore in the Council, and will be again, provided the friends of the safety and best interests of the city hold their ground firmly. But, with the

Council in control of the Democrats and a Mayor who courts favor with the Commercial element, there is always danger that the machine will be done.

Sarajevo, the Bosnian Capital, was burned under conditions similar to those which prevailed in Chicago at the time of the fire of Oct. 9, 1871. For several weeks preceding the recent conflagration there had been a series of drought which had almost entirely dried up the water courses, springs, and fountains, and had reduced the wooden houses, of which the city is largely constructed, to the inflammability of a tinder-box, so that with a diminished water supply there was no adequate means of arresting the work of destruction. The damage to Sarajevo is relatively greater than in Chicago, as it is the business of the former is hopelessly ruined.

The attention of Congressman Wm. Sprague's Committee of Depressives has very probably been directed to an important sign of the times which they failed to look up when they were in this city. The Illinois Central Railroad recently decided to build double tracks for the exclusive accommodation of its suburban business, requiring the construction of about twenty-four miles of track. The corporation buys for cash, and was probably not disposed to haggle about the price, as it was desired to lay the tracks at once. Yet it was found that the rolling-mills of this country are so overcrowded with orders that the necessary steel-rolls could not be obtained within reasonable time from American manufacturers, and it was necessary to incur the delay and greater expense of ordering them from England. The cost of building and operating in this and other cases of railroad extension calculated to depress the condition of labor?

The statements of ex-Al. Wm. Conkling and Cox before the Common Council Building Committee yesterday afforded a sufficient answer to the assertion that the contract for the City-Hall stone-work was awarded early in the morning and with undue haste. There was every reason why it should be so awarded. Ed. Walker has given notice of his intention to apply to the Courts for an injunction to delay and ultimately to defeat the award, for the Lemont Ring had in view the manipulation of the ensuing city election with particular reference to packing the Council with Ring Aldermen. To head off WALKER and complete the award as already agreed upon and published to the world, the then Building Committee met up early and placed the building of the new City-Hall beyond the reach of WALKER and the Lemont Stone Ring.

THE SPRAUGUE-COKING SCANDAL.

Several of the Democratic newspapers, under the leadership of the *World*, have exhibited an unusual alertness in gathering the gossip about the recent SPRAUGUE-COKING stories at Narragansett Pier. Partisan feeling has undoubtedly prompted them to give the widest notoriety to the affair, and to recall all the rumors and theories that naturally fill the air, with a circumstantiality of an emotion that must excite the envy of expert scandal-mongers. From their vigorous search after the rich morsels of gossip it is stated that the German music-professor who originally figured as the target for ex-Gov. Sprague's shot-gun practice was a myth, and that it was really Senator Conkling's gore which the ex-Senator and ex-Governor of Rhode Island insisted upon shedding. The New York *World's* dispatch from the scene of action says that the New York Senator went to Narragansett Pier, ordered his luggage to be sent to Mrs. KATE SPRAGUE's house, was sought out there by SPRAGUE, commanded to leave the premises in five minutes, and was then followed by the husband, who desired to make sure that the New York gentleman took his departure from the town. It is also related that Mrs. SPRAGUE quit the SPRAGUE family immediately, remained at a hotel overnight, and departed for Providence next day. Then, leading up to this dramatic denouement, there is an account of manifold incidents during the past few years (more or less of which have come to the public ear) of growing intimacy between the New York Senator and the woman in the case. Senator Conkling's frequent visits to Mrs. SPRAGUE, who has been living in Washington at the place left by her distinguished father; the absence of the Senator's family from Washington during the same period; the Senator's failure to attend his daughter's wedding which occurred at Utica a few months ago; alleged meetings between the Senator and Mrs. SPRAGUE at a house of a "natural friend"; the marked attentions which Mrs. SPRAGUE has shown the Senator in the shape of bouquets and tinted notes sent to his desk in the Senate Chamber from the gallery above; the Senator's active agency in securing for Mrs. SPRAGUE a remission of city back-taxes on her dwelling, and exemption from future taxation upon the Washington estate left her by the deceased Chief-Judge Conkling; the marked attention which Mrs. SPRAGUE has shown the Senator in the shape of a woman who is talked about, has had more or less of a spicy flavor. Senator Conkling's impudent ways have made him enough personal enemies to alienate the good will of his financial backers. It would involve an issue of about \$2,000,000,000 of irredeemable paper currency—a proposition which, in view of our present excellent and sound circulating medium, and the spur that resumption has given to every department of business, seems like the incoherent mutterings of an idiot.

Col. Goodwin says that he does not wish to belong to a faction that is pledged to the issue of no more Government bonds, because an exigency may arise in case of a foreign or domestic war when such an issue would be a great overshadowing necessity, as it was in 1862, when our national existence was imperiled. He sees but little difference in this respect between the present *Fiat* party and the old "Copperheads" who denounced the issuing of greenbacks in the whole heat of revolution as unconstitutional. After discussing the other portions of the platform in terse and emphatic language, and pointing out its inexcusable omission, Col. Goodwin

in which gives his appearance in the case was first bristled; a man of his pride would rather pose as the target for an indignant husband's shotgun than as a target for the sharp, poisoned arrows of ridicule. He may seek to console himself with the thoughts that many distinguished public men in the past have figured in similar scandals—some of them deservedly and some without sufficient warrant,—without materially diminishing their importance in public affairs; whether or not he can escape as easily as some others have escaped will depend largely upon the accidents of his particular case and the prevailing tone of public sentiment, which varies unconsciously in different times and different cases. His appearance on the floor of the Senate, asking almost as a personal concession the remission of several thousand dollars due the Government from Mrs. SPRAGUE, will be the most damaging feature about any general conviction that he held improper relations to the object of the public charity he solicited. ALEXANDER HAMILTON once endured the humiliation of confessing an illicit amour in order to relieve himself from the imputation of official corruption, but Senator CONKLING can only justify his agency in securing a special exemption of Mrs. SPRAGUE from a debt to

the Government by convincing the public that he was actuated by purely disinterested motives. Mrs. SPRAGUE herself will, perhaps, be able to bear the scandal, whether true or false, that Senator CONKLING, because she must know that her actions have been freely criticized, and she may have become somewhat hardened and indifferent to the ordinarily galling feeling a woman has when her fair name is bandied about freely. If there had been nothing more than the general impression, which has obtained for many years, that there was something besides pure affection between ex-Gov. SPRAGUE and Miss CHASE that led to their union, that fact, coupled with SPRAGUE's subsequent failure and the apparent estrangement in such frequent and prolonged separation from his wife, would have furnished food for scandal; but perhaps a woman gets used to that, even if it is unpleasant to believe so. At all events it is the penalty of a public breach, whatever the cause or nature of it, that the affairs of the men and women involved become public property as long as they possess interest enough to attract public attention.

There is no doubt that this has wrought many heart-burnings and worked much injustice, but it is not easy to say how the matter can be changed; and so the SPRAGUE family and the COKING family—the innocent and guilty alike, if guilty ones there be—must suffer the shame of the public scandal that has gone so far to be extinguished or smothered.

A FIAT IN HIS EIGHT MIND.

The sympathy expressed on all sides by my friends is so true and heartfelt that I have decided to let you all know what I have said about the character of the Society of Jesus. Its avowed purpose is to unite with the Protestant Episcopal Church, his return to the bosom of the Catholic Church, and his sudden disappearance from public view, these events, following each other in rapid succession, constitute a romantic episode in the life of power, and among facing monarchs with belligerent defiance; as remorselessly crushing innocence and virtue, and pandering to vice; as now stimulating bitter animosities and hates, and anon exhorting to the loftiest devotion and the gentlest piety—all to bring to fruition mighty schemes for the advancement of the material interests of the Order, which is exercised not only over the body, but over the mind and soul, especially on the will and intellect; and 2, the dogma of Papal infallibility. These points were fully stated and enlarged upon in the father's interviews of Saturday afternoon. He declared that he had severed his connection with the Jesuit Order of his own motion, and forever. But the same evening he panted and forwarded to the several city newspaper offices the following note of recantation:

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tried by the Phenixes were unruly and very Company did not rid them, tried negroes, and found them as the friarish and they make a little money.

They go home and get right, go to church on Sunday evenings, and generally work on Monday. He could not black laborers; all they were regularly paid in wages, the week, but not enough to live on.

Says, "Goddard dabbles in politics from the mass of us here's Chicago except for the creek to do some hours' work"—that is, no own-work? Then he says that this shilling elevation of pay for two hours of idle foreigners here, who have never less than six hours' work, but decline them this country for only receiving the time they labor. In a way they think they should be before they begin work for another hour after they return. The blacks may be laborers' rights after a while to educate their check will possess the barbudo

Jerome Bonaparte believes that he would be a gambler in his place.

Ex-Senator Sprague evidently holds that German is not the language of love.

Mr. Stanley, who is in South Africa, will please discover Ootway and oblige England.

John Sherman pretends to be convinced that the dark horse is not so dark as he is painted.

Nellie Grant Sartoris has another little girl. "This is my home," she proudly exclaims.

Mr. Murray merely eloped with his bride.

The young lady is still at home in Boston.

"Why do they want to hang me? I am not a peddler," saidly exclaims Mr. Chastine.

Ministers are but mortals after all. The Rev. Mr. Murray could not keep up the Golden Rule.

The election of Blackburn, of Kentucky, is a master Southern outrage that the Yucco will not forgive.

The only place where the bald-heads do not struggle for the front seat is in the Indian country.

Prayer-meetings are held daily at Saratoga to preserve the place from political caucuses we suppose.

Massachusetts must make Ben Butler Governor, or the widow will sue for breach of promise.

Mr. Hanlan evidently thinks that he can best recover his losses by keeping away from Courtney.

Mr. Fochier was a high liver, and, as a consequence, we hear that his liver was enormously enlarged.

The poorest bond in the country is the National Board of Health. It is poorer than board for \$3 a week.

I am in the saloon business. I do not want to be Courtney, but I will set up the beer-Edward Huston.

To prevent the spread of yellow-fever the country should promptly quarantine against Blackburn, of Kentucky.

The Empress Eugenie made five visits to her son's tomb, each time being quite alone, during the week ending July 26.

A Rochester paper informs a contemporary that Susan B. Anthony has no children. We should say not. Miss Anthony is not a French actress.

BOSTON, MASS.—The Boston

Scouts report to the Tribune.

TROY, N. Y., Aug. 11.—The Troys were both out and out-of-day to day, notwithstanding the fact that they earned three dollars in the first place. They did not come home, run all the Boston played well. The Troys presented two new players, Nelson and Taylor, and appear to be improving under Mr. Ferguson's management.

Los Angeles—The Los Angeles

Scouts report to the Tribune.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—The St. Louis and the same number of men who had been repaid condition of mind which left Thomas to regard his own political chances as lame.

An exchange says: "A lady of Madison of Boston has information from Heaven that Butler will be the next Governor of Massachusetts. Isn't there a mistake as to the place the information came from?"

Lord Lytton, who married a French lady, speaks French in his family. He believes in a strong government. He is growing in popularity. It is said that his father was jealous of his political achievements.

Some earth and chips of stone from the Tuilleries, the daughter of an official of the Empire who was passing through Paris on her way to Chateaubriand, were buried in the Prince Imperial's coffin.

Joseph Miller says: "If you were to take a newspaper in your hand and crumple it up, and then spread it out again, the creases in it might fairly represent the streets, lanes, and alleys of London, so angular, so awkward, and irregular is that greatest of all cities of the earth."

The original of Dickens' Miss Havisham is still at Venetian. Her mother broke off a love affair with the then young lady and said she would never get another again. For twenty years the house has not been entered, and the garden has been overgrown, and the lady still lives there.

An exchange says: "Three royal lovers of Miss Hudson, at Lake Bay, Ill., pooled their resources in a combination against a fourth who more favored sutor. They seized him as he was going to bathe, threw him into a pond and let him drown." They then pooled their sutor, but the sutor was not much better than his three-step brother.

Mr. Gladstone appears to have taken back into the life of Englishmen. The other evening he went with his wife to the Haymarket Theatre, and on his entrance the audience faltered, and round about round of applause testified to his restored popularity, and our two sutors only served to increase the enthusiasm.

Mr. Mortimer Dahlgren, of St. Louis, son of Gen. Dahlgren and a brother of Mrs. Dorsey, who bequeathed her property to the ex-President of the late Confederacy, says that when the master is now dead, he will give the family will "show up Jefferson Davis to the shame of all the public, so that we no longer consider himself the world as a model man." Mr. Dahlgren is a clerk in a cigar-store.

M. Girardin, a Paris sportsman, won a match a few weeks ago where his horse, Verne, after a tremendous course of many miles in exhaustion, dropped dead, the competitor dying of exhaustion before the race was over. The cruelty was due to the horse's owners' not knowing how to drive a horse well, and to the ignorance of the trainers and drivers. M. Girardin has handled the stable he over to the Paris S. P. C. A. to inspect its horses and treatment to animals, and his promises never again to countenance a similar trial of endurance.

King Humbert is reported to work very hard that he is nearly always his first timer, and the food, which is already half-spilled, and brought some distance shut up in his bones, gets to be almost unbearable. But nobody complains.

Queen Margarete, like her husband, cares nothing for the well-cooked meal. What she really enjoys is a little bit of raw, Savoy bacon, which a Roman baker prepared for her; he sends fifty-eighty a day for the use of Queen and the Prince, and also a small brown loaf which she eats with butter at the 12 o'clock breakfast.

King Humbert is at present fixing in his mind the great Parliamentary debates and opinions of the past thirty years by reading and rereading the official reports, and making copious and careful notes.

Mr. Alexander Donahue, of Bedford, Ind., tells the following story of himself shown to Secretary Thompson: When Mr. Donahue was in Indiana buying goods one day a dapper little fellow approached him and asked whether a young man could get a show up in Indiana. Mr. Donahue told the lad to Bedford and there he got a school to teach. This was Mr. Thompson. His sleep accommodations were of the best, and his friend "hanging" on a schoolroom for about two years. The schoolteacher was fond of reading law books, and once he volunteered to get a poor fellow out of trouble. His exposition of the law excited the admiration of the native, and after that everybody wanted "that little Thompson." This was Mr. Thompson. His sleep accommodations were of the best, and his friend "hanging" on a schoolroom for about two years. The schoolteacher was fond of reading law books, and once he volunteered to get a poor fellow out of trouble. His exposition of the law excited the admiration of the native, and after that everybody wanted "that little Thompson."

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Yesterday afternoon the grounds were put in order for to-day's sport, ten targets being erected, and the gunners were to be paid \$100 apiece. There will be a herald for each target, and after twenty-four arrows have been shot, he will report the score to the central scorer. It is not expected that the audience will be able to

keep the scores of all the contestants, but each gunner by his mark will know how his or his friends are doing. The targets are of uniform size, being four feet in diameter.

The headquarters of the Archery Association are at the Sherman House, and the Executive Committee has already arranged the contest, such matters as properly come before it. The archers from various cities began arriving Sunday, and by last evening the following had reported to the Secretary:

Archers of Indianapolis, O.—J. E. Fielding, Edwin Deval, Lorenzo Doyal, Jessie Deval, Toledo Archery Club, of Toledo, O.—A. F. Goodwin, H. M. Smith, D. V. M. Mayes, R. A. Hart, W. H. Johnson, W. H. Johnson, Walsh Morris, Barnes of Crawfordville, Ind.; The Hon. Maurice Thompson, Father of America, Mr. Wm. H. Johnson, John H. Booc, Theodore McMechan, W. M. Brewster, Robert Smith, and Capt. Talbot.

Archers of Cincinnati, Mich.—E. T. Church, P. S. Deacon, several ladies, Commodore Archers, of Lawrence, Kans.—J. D. Parsons, Archers of Indianapolis, O.—J. E. Fielding, Edwin Deval, Lorenzo Doyal, Jessie Deval, Toledo Archery Club, of Toledo, O.—A. F. Goodwin, H. M. Smith, D. V. M. Mayes, R. A. Hart, W. H. Johnson, W. H. Johnson, Walsh Morris, Barnes of Crawfordville, Ind.; The Hon. Maurice Thompson, Father of America, Mr. Wm. H. Johnson, John H. Booc, Theodore McMechan, W. M. Brewster, Robert Smith, and Capt. Talbot.

Archers of Chicago, Mich.—E. T. Church, P. S. Deacon, several ladies, Commodore Archers, of Lawrence, Kans.—J. D. Parsons, Archers of Indianapolis, O.—J. E. Fielding, Edwin Deval, Lorenzo Doyal, Jessie Deval, Toledo Archery Club, of Toledo, O.—A. F. Goodwin, H. M. Smith, D. V. M. Mayes, R. A. Hart, W. H. Johnson, W. H. Johnson, Walsh Morris, Barnes of Crawfordville, Ind.; The Hon. Maurice Thompson, Father of America, Mr. Wm. H. Johnson, John H. Booc, Theodore McMechan, W. M. Brewster, Robert Smith, and Capt. Talbot.

Archers of Boston, Mass.—J. D. Parsons, Archers of Indianapolis, O.—J. E. Fielding, Edwin Deval, Lorenzo Doyal, Jessie Deval, Toledo Archery Club, of Toledo, O.—A. F. Goodwin, H. M. Smith, D. V. M. Mayes, R. A. Hart, W. H. Johnson, W. H. Johnson, Walsh Morris, Barnes of Crawfordville, Ind.; The Hon. Maurice Thompson, Father of America, Mr. Wm. H. Johnson, John H. Booc, Theodore McMechan, W. M. Brewster, Robert Smith, and Capt. Talbot.

Archers of Providence, R. I.—J. D. Parsons, Archers of Indianapolis, O.—J. E. Fielding, Edwin Deval, Lorenzo Doyal, Jessie Deval, Toledo Archery Club, of Toledo, O.—A. F. Goodwin, H. M. Smith, D. V. M. Mayes, R. A. Hart, W. H. Johnson, W. H. Johnson, Walsh Morris, Barnes of Crawfordville, Ind.; The Hon. Maurice Thompson, Father of America, Mr. Wm. H. Johnson, John H. Booc, Theodore McMechan, W. M. Brewster, Robert Smith, and Capt. Talbot.

Archers of New Haven, Conn.—J. D. Parsons, Archers of Indianapolis, O.—J. E. Fielding, Edwin Deval, Lorenzo Doyal, Jessie Deval, Toledo Archery Club, of Toledo, O.—A. F. Goodwin, H. M. Smith, D. V. M. Mayes, R. A. Hart, W. H. Johnson, W. H. Johnson, Walsh Morris, Barnes of Crawfordville, Ind.; The Hon. Maurice Thompson, Father of America, Mr. Wm. H. Johnson, John H. Booc, Theodore McMechan, W. M. Brewster, Robert Smith, and Capt. Talbot.

Archers of New York City—J. D. Parsons, Archers of Indianapolis, O.—J. E. Fielding, Edwin Deval, Lorenzo Doyal, Jessie Deval, Toledo Archery Club, of Toledo, O.—A. F. Goodwin, H. M. Smith, D. V. M. Mayes, R. A. Hart, W. H. Johnson, W. H. Johnson, Walsh Morris, Barnes of Crawfordville, Ind.; The Hon. Maurice Thompson, Father of America, Mr. Wm. H. Johnson, John H. Booc, Theodore McMechan, W. M. Brewster, Robert Smith, and Capt. Talbot.

Archers of New Orleans, La.—J. D. Parsons, Archers of Indianapolis, O.—J. E. Fielding, Edwin Deval, Lorenzo Doyal, Jessie Deval, Toledo Archery Club, of Toledo, O.—A. F. Goodwin, H. M. Smith, D. V. M. Mayes, R. A. Hart, W. H. Johnson, W. H. Johnson, Walsh Morris, Barnes of Crawfordville, Ind.; The Hon. Maurice Thompson, Father of America, Mr. Wm. H. Johnson, John H. Booc, Theodore McMechan, W. M. Brewster, Robert Smith, and Capt. Talbot.

Archers of St. Louis, Mo.—J. D. Parsons, Archers of Indianapolis, O.—J. E. Fielding, Edwin Deval, Lorenzo Doyal, Jessie Deval, Toledo Archery Club, of Toledo, O.—A. F. Goodwin, H. M. Smith, D. V. M. Mayes, R. A. Hart, W. H. Johnson, W. H. Johnson, Walsh Morris, Barnes of Crawfordville, Ind.; The Hon. Maurice Thompson, Father of America, Mr. Wm. H. Johnson, John H. Booc, Theodore McMechan, W. M. Brewster, Robert Smith, and Capt. Talbot.

Archers of San Francisco, Calif.—J. D. Parsons, Archers of Indianapolis, O.—J. E. Fielding, Edwin Deval, Lorenzo Doyal, Jessie Deval, Toledo Archery Club, of Toledo, O.—A. F. Goodwin, H. M. Smith, D. V. M. Mayes, R. A. Hart, W. H. Johnson, W. H. Johnson, Walsh Morris, Barnes of Crawfordville, Ind.; The Hon. Maurice Thompson, Father of America, Mr. Wm. H. Johnson, John H. Booc, Theodore McMechan, W. M. Brewster, Robert Smith, and Capt. Talbot.

Archers of Sacramento, Calif.—J. D. Parsons, Archers of Indianapolis, O.—J. E. Fielding, Edwin Deval, Lorenzo Doyal, Jessie Deval, Toledo Archery Club, of Toledo, O.—A. F. Goodwin, H. M. Smith, D. V. M. Mayes, R. A. Hart, W. H. Johnson, W. H. Johnson, Walsh Morris, Barnes of Crawfordville, Ind.; The Hon. Maurice Thompson, Father of America, Mr. Wm. H. Johnson, John H. Booc, Theodore McMechan, W. M. Brewster, Robert Smith, and Capt. Talbot.

Archers of Louisville, Ky.—J. D. Parsons, Archers of Indianapolis, O.—J. E. Fielding, Edwin Deval, Lorenzo Doyal, Jessie Deval, Toledo Archery Club, of Toledo, O.—A. F. Goodwin, H. M. Smith, D. V. M. Mayes, R. A. Hart, W. H. Johnson, W. H. Johnson, Walsh Morris, Barnes of Crawfordville, Ind.; The Hon. Maurice Thompson, Father of America, Mr. Wm. H. Johnson, John H. Booc, Theodore McMechan, W. M. Brewster, Robert Smith, and Capt. Talbot.

Archers of Atlanta, Ga.—J. D. Parsons, Archers of Indianapolis, O.—J. E. Fielding, Edwin Deval, Lorenzo Doyal, Jessie Deval, Toledo Archery Club, of Toledo, O.—A. F. Goodwin, H. M. Smith, D. V. M. Mayes, R. A. Hart, W. H. Johnson, W. H. Johnson, Walsh Morris, Barnes of Crawfordville, Ind.; The Hon. Maurice Thompson, Father of America, Mr. Wm. H. Johnson, John H. Booc, Theodore McMechan, W. M. Brewster, Robert Smith, and Capt. Talbot.

Archers of Mobile, Ala.—J. D. Parsons, Archers of Indianapolis, O.—J. E. Fielding, Edwin Deval, Lorenzo Doyal, Jessie Deval, Toledo Archery Club, of Toledo, O.—A. F. Goodwin, H. M. Smith, D. V. M. Mayes, R. A. Hart, W. H. Johnson, W. H. Johnson, Walsh Morris, Barnes of Crawfordville, Ind.; The Hon. Maurice Thompson, Father of America, Mr. Wm. H. Johnson, John H. Booc, Theodore McMechan, W. M. Brewster, Robert Smith, and Capt. Talbot.

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## THE CITY.

## GENERAL NEWS.

John Clark of Mobile, is at the Gardner.  
L. E. Drake, of St. Louis, is at the Gardner.  
L. G. Mason, of Muskegon, is at the Gardner.  
W. B. Hubbard, Milwaukee, is at the Tremont.  
H. M. Allen, Leavenworth, Kas., is at the Pacific.

D. S. Tompkins, Brooklyn, N. Y., is at the Sherman.

Dr. C. T. Wilbur, Lincoln, Ill., isjourning at the Pacific.

Gov. John Evans, of Colorado, is a guest of the Pacific.

James H. Leslie, New York, is registered at the Pacific.

Edwin F. Thorne, New York, is a guest of the Tremont.

George W. Fuller, Kansas City, is domiciled at the Tremont.

Judge J. M. Bailey, Freeport, is among the guests of the Pacific.

E. W. Heath, Grand Rapids, Mich., is registered at the Sherman.

Morgan Draper, Government Surveyor of Minerals for Utah, is stopping at the Palmer.

Dr. Horace Warder, President of the State Board of Charities, Anna, Ill., is at the Tremont.

The promised strike of the pit-shovelers in the West Side brick-yards did not amount to anything.

Two fancy laprobes await an owner at the Armory. They were taken from a thief Sunday morning.

E. H. Waldron, General Manager of the Lafayette, Bloomington & Munroe Railroad, is at the Palmer.

The funeral of the late Sylvanus Hallcock occurred at 11 o'clock yesterday forenoon at his late residence.

Col. J. H. Meryman, Col. Rufus Sexton, Maj. William Smith, and E. W. Hewitt, U. S. A., are domiciled at the Palmer.

The Spaulin Printing Company has made a general assignment for the benefit of its creditors to Ernest N. Tucker. No liabilities or assets are mentioned.

A picnic will be given to-day for the benefit of one of the most deserving of our city charities, at Ogle's Grove, by the managers of the Union Upright Piano Company.

Ascher Lammert, a candy peddler living at No. 101 State street, had his right ankle broken while endeavoring to prevent his horse from running away at the corner of Wells and Sigel streets.

The party of Ontario officials who arrived Sunday evening from the Northwest, where they were making an extensive tour of observation and pleasure, left for home yesterday afternoon.

The newly-elected Central Committee of the Socialist Labor party met at 8 Clark street last evening. Nothing of importance was done, the object of the meeting being simply to take action.

The temperature yesterday, as observed by Manesse, optician, 88 Madison street (Tremont Building), was at 8 a. m., 72 degrees; 10 a. m., 70; 12 m., 80; 3 p. m., 82; 7 p. m., 77. Barometer, 30.03.

Capt. Burton, of the Third District, has made arrangements to have the district bounded between Harrison, Lake, and Leavitt streets, and Ashland avenue, patrolled by policemen in citizens' clothes, to put a stop, if possible, to incendiary fires.

The First Ward Democratic Committee held a meeting at the Palmer House last evening and organized, by electing Dr. Wickham as permanent Chairman and George Everhardt Secretary. There being nothing more to do, the Committee adjourned.

The Secretary of War has appointed Lieut. Gen. Sheridan, Brig.-Gen. Crook, and Col. J. C. Devitt a. m. to come to this city for the purpose of consulting with the commanding general of the army on the actual position of the troops engaged in the battle of Chickamauga.

Edward Tools, a laborer on the steam-boat May Queen, was employed yesterday in getting up a new hull for the Government ship. He was badly injured about the head and shoulder by the accidental breaking of a gun supporting a board on which he was working.

Corporal Mann yesterday held an inquest upon Barney Mickel, 8 years of age, who was accidentally drowned in the lake at the foot of Two-story hills, while fishing in the Saturday afternoon. James Mulligan, 15-year-old son of a widow living at No. 55 North Market street, was accidentally drowned while bathing in the lake at the foot of Illinois street.

At 5:45 yesterday afternoon, John Kelley, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Kelley, 28 Saginaw street, was found dead in his bed at the Sherman Hotel. He was a young man, 21 years old, and was believed to have died in the course of a nervous fit.

Resolutions of respect to the memory of the late A. B. Moore, of Ottawa, Ill., were proposed by committee consisting of Dr. Jacobs and Wilson Eschbacher, and unanimously adopted.

Col. W. S. Scribner introduced the following, which was adopted:

"Whereas an order has been issued by the Postmaster-General of the United States directing that no person over the age of 45 years be appointed to the position of letter-carrier; and whereas the Postmaster-General has directed that many of the men who served their country in its hour of need for appointment to said positions; therefore be it resolved,

"By the Union Veterans Club of Chicago, that we request the honorable Postmaster-General to make an exception to this rule, and to appoint to the service those who had fought the battles of the country, but who had not reached the age of 45 years."

The Committee on Political Action reported that they had no notice to report, as the campaign was now over.

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"By the Union Veterans Club of Chicago, that we request the honorable Postmaster-General to make an exception to this rule, and to appoint to the service those who had fought the battles of the country, but who had not reached the age of 45 years."

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